

HARDENER 3500 2.1 ACRYLIC PRIMER HARDENER

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

HARDENER 3500 2.1 ACRYLIC PRIMER HARDENER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

The hardener (component B) for PROTECT 3500 2.1 ACRYLIC PRIMER. For professional use in car refinishing.

1.3. Data of the supplier Safety Data Sheet

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1.4. Emergency telephone number +48 61 810-98-00

SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture was classified as dangerous pursuant to current regulations - see section 15.

Classification 1272/2008/WE:

Sensitisation — Skin, Hazard Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1). May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Hazard Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2). Causes serious eye irritation.

Sensitisation — Respiratory Hazard Category 1 (Resp. Sens. 1). May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Hazard Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation (STOT SE 3). May cause respiratory irritation.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 2 (Aquatic Chronic 2). Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Liquid, flammable substances, category 3 (Flam. Liq. 3). Flammable liquid and vapour.

2.2. Label elements:

Contains:

4-chloro- α,α,α -trifluorotoluene. Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Pictograms:



Signal word:

Danger

H226

Flammable liquid and vapour.

H317

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

H334

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335

May cause respiratory irritation.

H411

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P102

Keep out of reach of children.

P210

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P235

Keep cool.

P240

Ground, bond container and receiving equipment

P241

Use ventilating equipment.

P242

Use only non-sparking tools.

P243

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261

Avoid breathing vapours, spray.

P363

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P271

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

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SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.2. Label elements:

P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.
P285	Wear respiratory protection.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice.
P304+P341	IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P312	Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.
P342+P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder for extinction.
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

Exothermic reaction with amines and alcohols, slow release of CO₂ in case of contact with water; pressure build-up in closed containers, danger of bursting of the containers.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable.

3.2. Mixtures

Product identification

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Substance name	Identification numbers	Classification and marking	Concentration [wt%]
4-chloro- α,α,α -trifluorotoluene	WE: 202-681-1 CAS: 98-56-6 Index no.: --- Registration no.: 05-2114106385-56-XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3; H226; Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	50-55
HDI oligomers, isocyanurate	WE: 931-274-8 CAS: 28182-81-2 Index no.: --- Registration no.: 01-2119485796-17-XXXX	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT SE 3; H335	18-23
Polyisocyanate, aromatic	EC: -- CAS: 528598-79-0 Index no.: --- Registration no.: --	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317	10-15
Butyl acetate	WE: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index no.: 607-025-00-1 Registration no.: 01-2119485493-29-XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3; H226; STOT SE 3; H336 EUH066	10-15
1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate	EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index no.: 607-195-00-7 Registration no.: 01-2119475791-29-XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3; H226;	2-6

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	Identification numbers	Classification and marking	Concentration [wt%]
Xylene	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index no.: 601-022-00-9 Registration no.: 01-2119539452-40-XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3; H226; Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit.2; H315	2-5
Hexamethylene diisocyanate	WE: 212-485-8 CAS: 822-06-0 Index no.: 615-011-00-1 Registration no.: 01-2119457571-37-XXXX	Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317	<0,2
Toluene diisocyanate	EC: 247-722-4 CAS: 26471-62-5 Index no.: 615-006-00-4 Registration no.: 01-2119454791-34-XXXX	Carc. 2; H351 Acute Tox. 1; H330 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	<0,15

Full text of the phrases identifying the types of hazards is provided in section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information:

See section 11 of the Safety Data Sheet.

Inhalation:

Take the victim outside into fresh air, ensure quiet surrounding; in case of no breath, apply artificial respiration. Call a doctor.

Skin:

Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse contaminated skin with plenty of lukewarm water for about 15 minutes. If irritation persists, consult a doctor.

Eyes:

Rinse immediately with plenty of lukewarm water for about 15 minutes, avoid strong water jet-risk of cornea damage, consult a doctor.

Alimentary tract:

Do not provoke vomiting (choking risk). Call a doctor.

Person giving first aid should wear medical gloves.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause irritation by inhalation. Irritating to skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Flammable product. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

4.3. Indications of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Special measures allowing for specialist and immediate aid should be available in the place of work.

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SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Powder, foam resistant to alcohols, carbon dioxide, water mist.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire may cause generation of carbon dioxide and other toxic gases.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting teams should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and light protective clothing. Cool adjacent tanks by spraying water at a safe distance.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For persons not being the members of aid giving staff:

Eliminate sources of ignition. Ensure sufficient ventilation of the room. Avoid direct contact with the released substance. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Personal protection measures - section 8 of the Safety Data Sheet.

For persons giving aid:

Persons giving aid should wear protective clothing made of coated, impregnated fabric, protective gloves (viton), tight protective glasses and breathing apparatus: gas mask with A type absorber.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent leakage to the sewage system, surface waters, underground waters and soil.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop the leakage (close the liquid inflow, seal), place damaged container in an emergency container, remove the liquid mechanically and place it in an emergency container. In case of large leakage, embank the area. In case of small amounts, collect with the use of a binding agent (e.g. mica, diatomaceous earth, sand). After approx. 1 hour put into a waste container. Do not close the container (CO₂ is being released). Leave for several days in a secure place outdoor.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal protection measures - see section 8 of the Safety Data Sheet.

Disposal considerations - see section 13 of the Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat and fire sources. Prevent leakage to the sewage system, surface waters, underground waters and soil. Use in well ventilated rooms. Do not smoke. Do not inhale fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Take precaution measures against electrostatic discharge. Use personal protection measures - section 8 of the Safety Data Sheet.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly sealed, original containers. Do not store near large amounts of organic peroxides and other strong oxidants. Take precaution measures against electrostatic discharge. Store in cool, well ventilated rooms. Protect from low temperatures, the influence of sunrays and heat sources.

7.3. Special end use(s)

For professional use in car refinish taking into consideration the information included in subsections 7.1 and 7.2.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Xylene CAS 1330-20-7 according to:

- *TRGS 900:* MAK: 100ppm, MAK: 440 mg/m³, 2(II),DFG, H
- Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)]: TWA 50 mg/m³, 220mg/m³, STEL 100ppm, 441 mg/m³, Sk, BMGV

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS 108-65-6 according to:

- *TRGS 900:* MAK: 50ppm, MAK: 270 mg/m³, 1(I),DFG, EU, Y
- Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)]: TWA 50 ppm, 274 mg/m³, STEL 100ppm, 548 mg/m³, Sk

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Hexamethylene diisocyanate CAS 822-06-0 according to:

- TRGS 900: MAK: 0.005ppm, 0.035mg/m³, 1;=2;(I),DFG, 12

8.2. Exposure control

Respiratory tract protection:

Gas mask with A2-P2 type absorber (EN 141).

Hand protection:

Protective gloves PN-EN 374-3 (viton, 0.7 mm thick, penetration time > 480 min, natural rubber, thickness >0,35 mm in the short-time exposure)

Eye protection:

Tight protective glasses.

Skin protection:

Proper protective clothing (coated impregnated fabrics).

Workplace:

Fixed fume extraction and general ventilation.

Environmental exposure control:

Prevent leakage to the sewage system, surface waters, underground waters and soil.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	strong, powerful
Odour threshold	no data
pH	not applicable
Melting/freezing point	not applicable
Boiling point	Approx. 138°C, 280,4°F
Flash point	47°C, 116,6°F
Autoignition point	> 650°C, 1202°F
Breakdown point	not specified
Evaporation rate	not specified
Flammability (solid, gas)	not applicable
Explosion limits	not specified
Vapour pressure	not specified
Vapour density (with regard to air)	not specified
Density 20°C	about 1.2 g/cm ³ , about 10,0 lb/gal
Solubility (in water)	insoluble
N-octanol/water division ratio	not specified
Viscosity	no data
Explosive properties	not applicable
Oxidizing properties	not applicable

9.2 Other informations

No available data.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

The product is not reactive under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product remains stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Carbon monoxide and other toxic gases are generated as a result of thermal decomposition. Exothermic reaction with amines and alcohols, slow release of CO₂ in case of contact with water; pressure build-up in closed containers, danger of bursting of the containers.

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.4. Conditions to be avoided

Flammable liquid and vapour. Avoid contact with strongly oxidizing agents, peroxides, strong acids and bases. Avoid generation and accumulation of static electricity. Protect from the influence of sunrays and heat sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with large amounts of organic peroxides, strong acids and bases as well as other strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide nitric oxides, isocyanate fumes, trace amounts of hydrogen cyanide and other toxic gases are generated as a result of thermal decomposition.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

No experimental data available on the preparation. Evaluation was performed based on the data on dangerous ingredients included in the preparation.

a) Acute toxicity

Xylene	LD ₅₀ (rat, ingestion)	4300 mg/kg
	LC ₅₀ (rat, inhalation)	5000 ppm/4h
	LD ₅₀ (rabbit, skin)	1700 mg/kg
Butyl acetate	LD ₅₀ (rat, ingestion)	10768 mg/kg
	LC ₅₀ (rat, inhalation)	390 ppm/4h
	LD ₅₀ (rabbit, skin)	17600 mg/kg
1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate	LD ₅₀ (rat, ingestion)	8532 mg/kg
	LD ₅₀ (rabbit, skin)	5000 mg/kg
Toluene diisocyanate	LD ₅₀ (rat, oral)	4130 mg/kg
	LC ₅₀ (rat, inhalation)	600 ppm/6h
	LD ₅₀ (rat, inhalation)	0.47 mg/l/1h

b) Skin corrosion/irritation

No available data confirming the hazard class.

c) serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

e) germ cell mutagenicity

The mixture has not been classified as mutagenic. No available data confirming the hazard class.

f) carcinogenicity

The mixture has not been classified as cancerogenic. No available data confirming the hazard class.

g) reproductive toxicity

The mixture has not been classified as having any harmful effect on reproduction. No available data confirming the hazard class.

h) STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

i) STOT- repeated exposure

No available data confirming the hazard class.

j) aspiration hazard

No available data confirming the hazard class.

Exposure methods:

Inhalation: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eyes: Causes serious eye irritation.

If swallowed, the substance may cause irritation of the alimentary tract, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Poisoning symptoms:

Headache and vertigo, fatigue, decreased muscle power, drowsiness and, in exceptional instances, loss of consciousness.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental data available on the preparation. Evaluation was performed based on the data on dangerous ingredients included in the preparation.

12.1. Toxicity

Xylene	Daphnia magna EC50 (48hours.) > 7.4 mg/l Evaluation indicator of acute toxicity for mammals: 3; for fish: 4.1 Number in the catalogue of water hazardous substances: 206 Water hazard class: 2
Butyl acetate	Number in the catalogue of water hazardous substances: 42 Water hazard class: 1
1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate	Daphnia magna EC50 (48hours.) > 500 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)/LC50 (96 hours) 100-180 mg/l Number in the catalogue of water hazardous substances: 5033 Water hazard class: 1
Toluene diisocyanate	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) LC50 (96h) 133 mg/l Number in the catalogue of water hazardous substances: 8320 Water hazard class: 2

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No available data.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No available data.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Product very poorly soluble in water. The product in the contact with water changes in solid, insoluble substance (polycarbamide). CO₂ is released at the same time.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No available data.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

The product must be disposed of in compliance with proper local and statutory regulations with regard to waste - see point 15. The product should be disposed with entities which are authorised to conduct activity in the area of collecting, recycling or utilization of waste.

Product remains:

Do not dispose the product into the sewage system. Do not store with communal waste. Remove the remains of the mixture carefully and harden with the use of the proper A component, included in the set. The hardened product is not harmful waste.

CAUTION: harden the remains in small portions and keep them away from flammable products. High amounts of heat are released during chemical reaction!

Contaminated container:

A container containing unhardened remains of the product is harmful waste. Do not store with communal waste. The contaminated container should be disposed with entities which are authorized to collection, recover or disposal.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	ADR/RID	IMO/IMGD	IATA-DGR
14.1. UN number	1866	1866	1866
14.2. UN proper shipping name		RESIN SOLUTION, flammable	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4. Packaging group	III	III	III
14.5. Environmental hazards	yes	yes	no

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.6. Special precautions for user

Do not transport together with materials of class 1 (excluding materials of class 1.4S) and some materials of classes 4.1 and 5.2. During transport, avoid direct contact with materials of classes 5.1 and 5.2. Do not use an open flame and do not smoke.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL Convention and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Regulation 2006/1907/WE

CLP - Regulation 1272/2008/WE

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Not performed

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of the phrases identifying the types of hazards mentioned in sections 2-15

Flam.Liq.3 Liquid, flammable substances, category 3
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity– single exposure, category 3
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 Might cause drowsiness or or dizziness.
Acute Tox. 4. Acute toxicity, category 4
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
Skin Irrit. 2 Caustic/irritating effect on skin, category 2
H315 Causes skin irritation.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Irrit. 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Resp. Sens. 1 Sensitisation — Respirat., Hazard Category 1
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensation, category 1.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Acute Tox.3 Acute toxicity (inhal.), Hazard Category 3
H331 Toxic if inhaled
Acute Tox. 1 Acute toxicity. Category 3
H330 Fatal if inhaled
Carc. 2 Carcinogenicity. Category 2
H351 Suspected of causing cancer
Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 2
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Explanation of the abbreviations and acronyms used in the Safety Data Sheet

CAS no – numerical symbol ascribed to a chemical substance by the American organization, Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS).

EC no. – a number ascribed to a chemical substance in the European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) or a number in the European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances mention in "No-longer polymers" publication (EINECS)

MPC – maximum permissible concentration of health hazardous substances in the work place

MPIC – maximum permissible instantaneous concentration

MPCC - maximum permissible ceiling concentration

PCB - permissible concentration in biological material

UN number - four-digit identification number of a substance, preparation or product pursuant to UN model regulations

ADR – European agreement on international road transport of hazardous materials

IMO – International Marine Organization

RID – Regulations for international rail transport of hazardous materials

IMDG-Code – International marine code for hazardous materials

ICAO /IATA – Technical Instructions for Safe Air Transport of Hazardous Materials

The information is based on our current knowledge. This document shall not constitute warranty for product characteristics.

Classification was made by calculation method according to the classification rules contained in Regulation 1272/2008/WE.

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Other sources of information

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

TOXNET Toxicology Data Network

IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database

Changes: General update

Trainings:

With regard to handling, health and safety while working with hazardous substances and mixtures.

With regard to transport of hazardous goods pursuant to the requirements of ADR regulations.

Issued by: NOVOL Sp. z o.o.